rive boldly declare that the Fugitive Slave Law til we could while we have the power to this never be executed while we have the power to perent it, by Abraham Lincoln or any other Presipretti not shall any Slave Insurrection ever fail for dest; not sympathy and such aid as we can conscirant of our samples; and, by the sacred ashes of Lafayette, canous remainder John Browns be sacrificed in heroic of the all other the enslaved, we will not fail to sing fit to accept and we will rear their monuments of ther planes, the mount of the shall last long after Od Time has mown down the proudest marble, and una production most enduring brass.

The evening session was one of rare interest, and till a late hour of adjournment. The pach of Mr. Pillsbury, in review of Dr. Gardner green of the guilty position of the American Carch, was graphic and scathing. Remond followed Charen, was graphic and containing. Aremond followed is the of his best efforts, and closed with a touching is the or his feelings as a father watching his sleepparration of millions of infant, and remembering the fate of millions of ist man, and injured race. Even at the late hour, a he moments before 10 o'clock, Douglass was called for and fearing the weariness of the people, he took for san reluctantly. He soon found, however, that hains and sympathetic hearts were in harmony with him, and finished our most successful meeting with remarks of great power and natural eloquence. with remarks or great power and natural eloquence. puring the speech of Mr. D. in the afternoon, a lady from the audience threw at his feet a beautiful bouquet -acticum-tance so unusual to Abolitionists, that it the the speaker almost into a speechless attitude. hat field be praised, the world does move!

The announcement of the liberation of Mr. Booth ly ten armed men, while the U. S. officers were at giner, at Milwaukee, was received with rapturous syllaure. Let us again thank God and take courage, and feel all the more hopeful for the future; and when our First of August comes, as come it will, car alleluia shall join with unfettered millions, to God who giveth the victory.

JAMES R. DAVIS, President. A. T. WILKINSON, Secretary.

Liberator.

NO UNION WITH SLAVEHOLDERS.

BOSTON, AUGUST 17, 1860.

LORD BROUGHAM AND MR. DALLAS. Courtesy is an excellent thing-in its place. Obterrance of conventional propriety is an excellent thing-in its place. There are, however, matters that rightfully take precedence of both, and occasions on which both may properly be ignored and disregarded.

If a precise, pompous old gentleman, whose only concern is to support his dignity, complains that another has roughly brushed against him in the street, disturbing at once his composure, his garments, and his centre of gravity, we sympathize with him; we feel that he has reason for complaint. If he is an absurd old fogy, he is also a man and a brother, and has a right to walk the streets unmolested. We are disposed to blame the disturber, and to ask him-Why did you jostle the old gentleman?-But if it then appears that the offender was rushing to tescue a child from being run over, and, moreover, that the complaint of the incarnation of dignity was mile after having seen and understood that factthe case is materially altered; and we are disposed to say to the complainant-Go to the d--istant faits of the carth with your ceremonious dignity! There are some things of more importance than that ! Let it be granted that Lord Brougham violated the rules of order by introducing justice and humanity into a Statistical Association. Let it be granted that he thus introduced these foreign topics with express design to call the unwilling attention of a defender of slavery to them, and also to direct the notice of the audience to him, in his pro-slavery character, regardless of any disturbance that might thence arise to his refined sensibilities. Is this course of conduct to be censured? Before we thus decide, let us look at the motive that induced it.

If it shall appear that Lord Brougham acted thus in the discharge of an immensely important duty-a dutr much less frequently observed than the conventional rules which, in this case, are declared to have ben violated-a duty imperatively binding on him as a man and a Christian-the duty of remembering those in bonds as bound with them, the case will indeed be altered.

When a man is drowning, that person is base and vamually, as well as narrow-minded, who declines to 'take the liberty' of saving him, because they have not previously been 'introduced' to each other, Courtesy then becomes a mockery. Help is the one thing needful.

Here are four millions of people in our country not only mocked, despised and calumniated, but trodden under foot of men; reduced to the lowest point of debasement, and firmly held there, by rich, strong, elegant and chivalrons gentlemen, merely to save those gentlemen the trouble of earning their own living. It is unfortunately true that these gentlemen have hitherto successfully held their ground against the civilization and Christianity of the nineteenth testury. They flaunt their defiance in the face of world. They laugh at humanity. They have billed the priesthood to represent religion as on their side. And, in support of this favorite iniquity, they have perverted law, government, custom, and even the English language; have abolished freedom of speech and of the press; and have established the custom of suppressing all interference in behalf of the weak by brutal violence. Only in one point can their screne audacity be disturbed-the point of perenal dignity. This, therefore, is the proper quarter which to assail them; and Lord Brougham is entitled to the gratitude of every friend of the slave for the therough and effective manner in which he has taken this course with Mr. Dallas; holding him up to public opprobrium as an ally of the slaveholder; and then when this act was erroneously represented s intended to insult the United States, promptly disclaiming this interpretation of it, and leaving the

Personal application in full force. Slavery wants to be let alone. It must not be let alone. The slaveholder wants to be recognized as a sentleman and a Christian; to be treated as 'a man of honor,' in spite of a character stained with the height of meanness and the depth of baseness. The Proper treatment for this insolent assumption is to send him to Coventry'; to refuse, as O'Connell did, take his blood-stained hand; to make him feel, thenever he chances to be in the company of gentlewen, or Christians, that the robbery which he syslematically practises, and by which he lives, is every moment present to their minds as the prominent featue in his character. Let the people of any free country, to which he goes, speak to him of slavery when they speak to him at all, and let the same treatment be applied to his allies and defenders. If they take refuge in a meeting of the Statistical Soety, let the statistics of slavery be made the order of the day. And let the demeanor of all Englishmen speak so plainly their detestation of the crime in Plestion, that an openly pro-slavery man shall feel timself scarched with contempt whenever he appears among them, either on public business or for private Pleasure. And above all, let this treatment be apfied, in Eugland, to American clergymen who ar known as the defenders of slavery. To treat such lersons as men of honor, as gentlemen, or as Christians, is to take part against the slave. - c. K. w.

Home Again. After an absence of three weeks tom his post, Mr. Garrison has returned home, much lenentted by his sojourn among the mountains, and will resume his customary labors next week.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY A. S. SOCIETY. East Lexington, July 31, 1860.

FRIEND GARRISON-According to notice previously given, a meeting of the Middlesex County Anti-Slavery Society was held in the Town Hall, at Con cord, on Sunday, July 15th, afternoon and evening. Mr. Pillsbury read the following very spicy Reso-

lutions, which he supported by a few remarks:-Resolved, That American Slavery, in the words Senator Sumner, is a ' Five-Headed Barbarism;' only traceable to the 'darkest regions of Africa, that nurse of monsters; to Guinea, Congo and Dahomey'-countries which still claim the right to enslave captives taken in war, and to sell them to the human blood-brokers of these so-called Christian States!

Resolved, That slavery being this five-fold Barbarism, the slaveholder is necessarily a five-fold Bar-

Resolved, That slaveholders, as such, have no bands of robbers, and their religion no more Christian than the bloody rites of Moloch or Juggernaut.

Resolved, That a governmental Union with such and perpetuate their plunder and robbery by guaranteeing to them all needed aid and protection against render. And, by all the hallowed memories of Lafainsurrection or escape on the part of their victims, as yette, should more John Browns be sacrificed, in long as their oppressors wish to plunder them, is really the crowning curse and consummation of the praises shall be sung among the nations; and out o Barbarism itself.

Resolved, That when Mr. Sumner so terribly denounces slavery and slaveholders, and still continues in complicity with them, boldly defending the Republican party, whose nominee for the Presidency is at Chicago) virtually pronounces Capt. John Brown Association, the Boston American Tract Society, and frightfully that slavery has done its deadly work on more guilty ecclesiastical organizations; and we the interests of Humanity and Liberty.

Resolved, That if Cromwell, Washington, Lafayette, bulwarks of slavery. or Garibaldi, deserves well and honorably of mankind, then also does the brave Capt. John Brown, and the few noble spirits who attended him to Virginia; and so much more, as the Tyranny they sought to destroy is greater than was British Rule, and more insufferable than is Italian Despotism.

Resolved, That the absurdity of professing to hold to an anti-slavery interpretation of the Constitution, while supporting by vote and every way the election ity of slaveholding, and an eloquent argument in favor of Abraham Lincoln, is beyond the power of words of the election of Lincoln and Hamlin, both of whom to describe, and shows the masses of the party to be believe in slave-hunting as well as slave-holding, and as unfortunate in their mental perceptions, as their leaders are in moral integrity and honesty.

Resolved, That every believer in forcible resistance to tyrants, and especially every admirer of Lafayette, should rejoice in the heroism of John Brown, and force as to bring Dr. O. Martin to his feet in a very pray God to raise up others to complete the work he so well begun

Resolved, That the recent attempt on the personal liberty of a citizen of this town of Concord, by the myrmidoms of the Federal Government, has demonstrated how nearly we have lost our own rights, while by Dr. Martin. In closing, Mr. Foster offered for the consenting to, and aiding in the enslavement of others; and proves, moreover, how truly the work of emancipation must begin at our own doors.

Resolved. That treason and rebellion against such a government as ours are both a duty and a virtue, and the only possible assurance we can give of our loyalty and fidelity to that higher, diviner authority emanating from the bosom of nature and of God.

Mr. Pillsbury was followed by H. Ford Douglass in a very eloquent address of an hour. Mr. Sanborn of Concord, explained the object of the meeting, and recommended the dissolution of the Society as an inefficient organization, and one which ought to be superseded by some more active association and gave notice that he should no longer act as Secretary of the Society. He was very strongly op-posed by Mr. Pillsbury, who thought such organization very essential. He considered the anti-slavery people dead enough now, and referred to the case of S. M. Booth, who is now lying in jail, contrary to the laws of his State, and to the decision of all the Judges. He felt if there was any life in the people, they would go and take him out. [They have sine

In the evening, Col. Whiting, the President, de elined a reclection; and Samuel Barrett, of Concord, was chosen President: J. G. Dodge of West Cambridge, and Reuben Locke of South Reading, Vice tion is to be passed upon by all the voters at the ap-Presidents; and Andrew Wellington, Secretary. Ad- pronching November election. The New York Tridresses were made by H. F. Douglass, Parker Pillsbury, A. Bronson Alcott, Henry D. Thoreau and oth- to as atrocious, and demands its abolition. ers, when the resolutions were unanimously ANDREW WELLINGTON, Sec'y.

MEETING AT WORCESTER.

(South Division) Anti-Slavery Society was held at compendium of their present business and property Washburn Hall, in Worcester, on Sunday, August 12th, commencing at 10% o'clock, A. M. In the ab- to whom these facts will be new and instructive, and sence of the President, Abby Kelley Foster was called

The following Committees were chosen, viz.:--Business Committee-Parker Pillsbury, E. H. Heyrood, H. Ford Douglass, Joshua Spooner, Stephen S. Foster.

Finance Committee-W. A. Wilson, Sarah F. Earle. Sarah A. Henshaw, Charles D. Marcy.

E. H. Heywood, in behalf of the Business Com mittee, offered the following resolutions :—

Resolved, That slaveholding is a heinous crime ngainst God, and a flagrant wrong to man, and that now, as heretofore, we rely with confidence, for its re-

the hearts and consciences of the American people. slaveholders, their apologists, and the supporters of a tin I., the ex-Emperor of Hayti. No proof whateve tion, its growth, and its present form, is a remoreeless without a trial, or even a warning. sacrifice of the rights and liberties of the black man, a gigantic conspiracy against justice and God, a cove- trious, and polite colored man; he speaks and writes

once and forever annuiled. Resolved. That since the Republican party claims city. He has no means of support in Boston, but he to share, and aspires to control a government, of which has friends and fellow-traders in St. Thomas; and if John Quincy Adams said, 'the preservation, propaga- the benevolent of this community could procure him tion, and perpetuation of slavery is the vital and ani- a free passage for that Danish island, he would find mating spirit;' since it recognizes and is pledged to there many friends to welcome and help him in his enforce all the bloody compromises of the Constitu- mercantile pursuits. tion, the immunity and protection of slavery as a State institution, the suppression of all slave insurrections, and the recapture of fugitive slaves; since Abra- boarding-house, No. 423, Commercial street, Boston. ham Lincoln is the author of a fugitive slave bill whose unprovoked and unconstitutional atrocity even Senator Mason was not base and heartless enough to speech, which we give on our first page, and which copy; and since, if not the open defender, certainly he is the persistent apologist of slavery in the District author, (it being prepared for the press by one inexof Columbia, the interstate slave trade, the admission perienced in that line,) the following corrections of more slave States, and the disfranchisement of the should be made:-At the close of the first para-

from the triumph of that party. the Gospel of Jesus to slaveholders, trampling under read 'Judea' for 'India'-also, 'decay' for 'diary.'

foot the 'suffering and dumb' bondmen, while receiving, with distinguished honors, Millard Fillmor who signed the horrible Fugitive Slave Bill of 1850 fully justifies the charge of the Abolitionists, that the Methodist Church North is pro-slavery, and prove that, so far from being a Christian church, it has no vitality enough, is too morally corrupt and imbecile to purge even itself of the foulest abomination of the

These he followed with remarks upon the duties of the hour, socially, religiously, and politically. Parker Pillsbury, in behalf of the Business Committee, offered the following resolutions:-

Resolved. That the government of these States i in itself a bloody and unmitigated despotism, and must be so, as well under a Republican administration based on the Chicago platform, and the doctrines and declarations of Abraham Lincoln, as under the execu tion of the Democracy of the present, or the Whig rights which any human being is bound to respect; or Federal parties of the past; but we hereby solemnand all their so-called governments are but organized by affirm that no Fugitive Slave Law shall ever be ly affirm that no Fugitive Slave Law shall ever be executed, where we can aid in trampling it down, no matter who is President, or what party is in power Nor shall any sable Washington or black Garibaldi barbarians, under the name of Democracy, which fail in an insurrectionary attempt to deliver himself enables half the parties to the contract to practice and his fellow victims from slavery, for want of our sympathy, or any aid which we can conscientiously hereic efforts for their deliverance, their well-merited grateful hearts, we will rear them monuments, that shall stand and shine amid the generations, when old Timo shall have mown down the proudest marble and trampled out the most enduring brass.

Resolved, That the hypocritical pretensions of some a declared advocate of every pro-slavery compro- of the religious bedies and journals to anti-slaverymise in the Constitution ever claimed by Calhoun or such as the Methodist Episcopal Church, the so-called endorsed by Webster, and whose platform (announced Church Anti-Slavery Society, the American Missionary the gracest of criminals;—when Mr. Sumner can do the New York Independent—are even more to be all this, without a quiver or a blush, he proves most dreaded than the open spite of the older but scarcely him, as well as on the other chiefs of his party, and would exhort all truly anti-slavery men and women, rendered him utterly unsuitable to be entrusted with who have been beguiled by or into them, to abandon such connections, as among the last strongholds and

> Resolved. That in the two recently published speeches of Charles Sumner, we see the blinding, bewildering and depraving effect of American politics and of contact with slaveholders-the former, made in the U.S. Senate, being a four hours' argument against the 'five-headed barbarism of slavery,' and repudiated by many of the leaders of Republicanism and the latter a full admission of the constitutional who virtually declare in their platform that the noble John Brown was one of the gravest criminals who ever died by the halter.

These he discussed at some length, and with such earnest and excited speech, in support of action with the Republican party.

Mr. Pillsbury answered briefly some of Dr. Martin's positions, when S. S. Foster made an eloquent and able speech, in review of the subject as presented consideration of the meeting the following resolution, as reflecting his views in the premises :-

Resolved, That it is morally inconsistent, and philosophically absurd, for a people who depend upon gov ernment for the protection of their own liberty and right, to attempt to abolish the institution of slavery, and protect the liberty and rights of its victims, by any other instrumentality. Hence, any scheme of emancipation which ignores political action is radically defective in principle, and, if persisted in, must end in failure and bitter disappointment. The afternoon session was occupied with addresses

by Mr. Douglass and Mr. Pillsbury.

The evening session was fully attended by an intersted audience, who listened to the addresses of Messrs. Douglass and Heywood till a late hour with attention. The resolutions offered by Mr. Heywood and Mr. Pillsbury were adopted, and the meeting ad-

Altogether, it was as promising a meeting as has been held in Worcester for some time. JOSEPH A. HOWLAND, Secretary.

COMPLEXIONAL DISFRANCHISEMENT.

The State of New York requires a property qualification of \$250 of every colored man, before he can exercise the elective franchise. This odious restricbune, of the 7th inst., denounces the clause referred

By way of promoting this long-sought and muchdesired reform, William C. Nell has just compiled a cheap campaign pamphlet, containing facts from th seard of patriotic services of the colored men of A quarterly meeting of the Worcester County New York, during the wars of 1776 and 1812, with a statistics. There are thousands of voters in that State will no doubt, if widely circulated, do much to augment the vote in favor of 'No Property Qualification. They can be obtained for 5 cents each, or \$3 a hundred, of Thomas Hamilton, 48 Reckman street Wm, H. Leonard, 5 Beekman street, New York; also at the Anti-Slavery Office, 221 Washington street Boston.

A CASE OF CHARITY.

A very intelligent colored man, called Paul Philibert, a respectable Haytian trader, who has a commercial establishment in Gonaives, (Hayti,) was lately arrested at Port au Prince by the Haytian Govern ment, as he was just returning from St. Thomas moval, solely upon the application of God's truth to where he had been speculating. He was thrown into a prison, and afterwards embarked, in the night, on Resolved, That if slaveholding is a crime, then all board the American schooner Monticello, bound t slaveholders and their abettors are criminals; and Boston, where he arrived on the 25th of last July, that personal honor, alike with every instinct of jus- without money, and with no other clothes than those tice, humanity, and religion, demands the immediate he had on when arrested. The only reason the Hayrenunciation of all compacts and compromises with tian officials gave for such inhuman treatment was them as utterly immoral and vicious; and hence, that that Philibert had private interviews, at St. Thomas, the leading churches of the North, in fellowshipping with a certain Salomon, one of the ministers of Fausslaveholding government, are recreant to their high could be produced to sustain such a charge against trust, and wholly unworthy the support of religious him, and it was merely on suspicion that he was arpeople; and that the American Union, in its incep- rested, incarcerated, and banished from his country.

Philibert, as we have said, is an intelligent, indus nant with death and an agreement with hell, to be at French correctly; but, as he does not understand English, he cannot expect to find employment in this

> Any benevolent person wishing to relieve Paul Philibert in his present distress, can find him at his

In Mr. Douglass's admirable and eloquent we were obliged to print before it was revised by the black man under State legislation,-the cause of im- graph in the third column, instead of 'whose cow partial freedom has little to hope, and much to fear, ardly skulls in human shape,' read, ' who are made to dream in their midnight slumbers of God's Resolved, That the recent signal failure of the avenging angel of insurrection hovering about Methodist General Conference, at Buffalo, to apply them.' In the last paragraph of the same column,

AMERICAN ANTI-SLAVERY SOCIETY. Collections by Parker Pillsbury. In Hyannis, Mass. Centreville, \$7 70 Centreville, "
Framingham, "
Concord, "
Essex, "
Manchester, " By H. Ford Douglass.

In Milford, N. H.,
S. Newmarket, "
Rochester, "

13 20

12 00

In Newport, R. I.,
Mrs. Henry Jackson,
In Sterling, Mass., C. H. Loring,
Other friends, In Oakdale, Mass. Paxton, "Barre, "C. W. Carter, Westminster, John Heywood, 1 00
Mrs. AbbyP. Forbush, 1 00
Friends, 4 95
Hubbardston, Mass., Friends, 2 00
Tompleton, Mass., Friends, 1 00 , Friends, Mrs. Ripley, 1 00 Fred. Parker, 1 00 4 84 Templeton, Millbury, Mass., Andover, " John Dove, John Smith, 1 00 Mrs. R. H. Foster, 1 00

By Miss Caroline F. Putnam, for the Tract Fund

Dover, Milford, Mass.,

S. Cozswell, 1 00
S. Cozswell, 1 00
Mrs. L. S. Gray, 1 00
George Damon, 1 00
Others, 2 63
Fitzwilliam, N. H., Mrs. S. Kendall, 1 00
Others, 1 25 Marlboro', Keene, Peterboro', " Misses Payson, Eliza Morrison, Dr. Badger,

Milford, N. H. Dr. Daracott, 100
Mrs. Geo. Burns, 100
Mrs. L. Livermore, 100 Mrs. Daniels, Amherst, N. H. North Weare, N. H., Manchester, " Henniker, Bradford,

"Mrs. Dr Mortill, 3 00
Mrs. J.A.Gilmore, 1 00
Rev. J. H. Moore, 1 00
Mrs. Dumas, 1 00
Mrs. Chas. Smart, 1 00
Mrs. N. White, 1 00
Mrs. Greenleaf, 1 00
W.L. Foster, Esq., 1 00
Others Others, 2 16 Valley Falls, R. I., Samuel Chase, 5 00 Mrs. A. E. Chase, 5 00
Benj. Fessenden, 1 00
Others, 2 62
Providence, R. I., Geo. A. Snow, 1 00

Providence, N. I., Otto, A. Show, Others,
Pawtucket, R. I., J. M. Ryder,
Wm. T. Adams,
James Davis,
E. Despau,
W. Higginson, 1 00 5 00 1 00 S. Thornton, James Dennis, Mrs. G. C. Smith, 1 00 R. J. Stafford, 1 00

G. J. Adams, 0 50 G. Mason, 0 50 R. Bliss, 0 50 Mrs. Clafflin, 0 50 Charles Noyes, 0 50 Zelotes Wetherell, 0 25 Diamond Plain, R. I., Mary Metcali, Sarah Metcalf, Mary Metcalf, 2 00 Sarah Metcalf, 2 00 Celinda Metcalf, 2 00 Eunice Metcalf, 1 00

Joanna Pierce, 1 00 R. M. Wallcott, 1 00 By R. F. Wallcut. In Cambridge, Mass., Miss Francis, 0 50

FRANCIS JACKSON, Treasurer.

CONTRIBUTIONS

To the Anti-Slavery Cause, at Abington, Aug. 1, 1860. Adeline May Mrs. Mary Crocker Mrs. Chas. Meservo J. H. Stoddard F. H. Cowing J. Harding L. Leach Geo. J. Peterson D. Holbrook 1 00 Edward Bennett 1 00 Edward Bennett
0 50 T. B. Drew
1 00 Alden Sampson
1 00 E. Joslin
1 00 M. Perry
3 00 Betsey Thomas
0 25 Samuel Barrett
1 00 Mr. Cowing
1 00 C. K. Whipple
1 00 E. H. Bradford
0 25 G. Bradford R. Loud Wm. C. Haskeil M. R. Buswell Seth Jones Francis Jackson L. H. Noyes Thos. J. Hunt E. Quincy F. W. Bird D. B. Morey A. J. H. E. Young Elijah Hobart C. Bradford S. L. Harris Lewis McLauthlin C. M. Leonard 1 00 Russell D. Gardner 0 67 Gridley Beal S. C. Beal 0 50 Charles Meserve 0 50 H. W. Blanchard 0 50 J. C. Lindsey 1 00 Mary L. Richmond 0 50 1 1 00 M. W. Stetson 1 00 7 Bourne Sp 0 25 P. B. Goggswell 0 50 John Jones 0 50 H. J. Prentiss 0 50 R. R. Crosby William Lewis E. Hewitt Wm. Ashby 1 00 Mrs. Sto 0 25 C. Ross Mrs. Stetson Branch B. 0 25
0 00 Miss Putnam 0 50
1 00 J. B. Yerrinton 1 00
5 00 James Seymour, 0 25
5 00 George W. Gilmore 0 50
1 00 Cash in various sums
2 00 from other friends Charles Follen Anna Gardner

Mary May Pledge. D. F. Goddard, Weymouth, D. F. Goddard, vieymoush,
Whole amount contributed, including
\$90 30

DEATH OF J. S. ROUNDS. It is with the deepest feelings of sympathy with his afflicted relatives, and the profoundest sense of the loss which society has sustained, that we record the death of Jabez S. Rounds: which event occurred at his place of residence on Summer street in this town, this morning, at about 11 o'clock, at the age of 44 years.

It may not be in accordance with the wishes of his friends, as it certainly would not have been with his friends, as it certainly would not have been with his own, to see a long paragraph, reciting the virtues and graces which will long endear the memory of this esteemed man to so many hearts; but it is right that the occasion of such a death should not be lost upon those who survive, and that a bright example for purity of character, benevolence, unselfishness, and for the practice of those virtues which alone truly exait any one above his fellows, should be urged upon all, especially the young, as worthy of imitation.

We are informed that our friend passed away without trepidation, and in the full confidence which his broad and generous ideas of Christianity will always inspire, of a better and eternal state of existence and progress in the spiritual world.—Taunton Democrat,

great living questions of to-day.
S. J. Finney of Ohio, J. M. Prebles of Battle
Creek, T. L. H. Willis of Coldwater, G. B. Stebbins
of Ann Arbor, and other speakers, will be present to
take part. The people of Sturgis will hold open
doors for strapeers.

or Ann Arbor, and other speakers, will be present to
take part. The people of Sturgis will hold open doors for strangers.

EF CUMMINGTON CONVENTION. nual Convention of the friends of impartial liberty in Cummington and vicinity will be held in the Free Church, on Saturday and Sunday, Sept. 1st and 2d, opening at 10 o'clock, A. M., Saturday, and continuing day and evening, six sessions. C. C. Burketen, Parker Pillsbury and H. Ford Douglass will be present as speakers. All friends of the cause and the public generally are cordially invited. Per order.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED ON A SEW ING MACHINE.—A young lady, skilled in the use of Grover & Baker's sewing machines, wishes employment either at her residence, No. 9 Columbia street, or in families in the city or vicinity where the machine is used, or taking her own with her, if desired. ING MACHINE.

THE TWENTY-SEVENTH National Anti-Slavery Anniversary.

When the claim for Universal Liberty was firs made in our country, the best part of a life-time ago the work lay wholly in futurity. The idea and the principles of Human Rights were to be re-planted, the justice and necessity of their cause as against Slavery to be proved, the prevailing apathy to be broken the public mind to be awakened and enkindled, the insufficiency of a Church and State controlled by Slavery to compass Freedom to be demonstrated, the retrogression of the land towards barbarism under their sway to be made manifest, and freedom of speech, of he press, and of a new specific association to be claimed and exercised as the only sufficient instrumen talities of progress.

This is the initiatory work that has been done, and by it, abundant opportunities of direct action have been rendered practicable. The work itself, in a thousand shapes, now lies before us, whose privilege it has been to make ready for it. The despotism is driven into open day. To meet it, requires devotion, industry, and the sacred fire of a true enthusiasm. It requires energy, cooperation, and the discipline of self-control. It requires generous contributions of noney. We trust that all these indispensable requisites are now, as ever, ready.

We earnestly and cordially entreat all who love our native land in sincerity, whether Europeans or Americans, to unite with us more numerously and more generously than ever to meet the demands of a period of crisis unparalleled in the history of our ountry-new, indeed, in the history of the world. For when before has it ever happened that Freedon has been sought from among a dominant people for a down-trodden one, on so grand a scale as this? We ask aid of Europeans, while we bid them observe that their freedom makes progress only in exact proportion as our slavery is brought into discredit. We ask aid of Americans: for where is the American to whom this Cause of ours is not the supreme interest of the present hour as affording the only hope of Futurity? The work before us is ever that primary one contemplated by no other existing body, political or religious: the work that Church and Government are always tempted by the necessities of their position as such to neglect, adjourn, suppress. And the stronger the desire of their members to promote the cause, the stronger the temptation, being so placed, to temporise and to compromise.

To all these we confidently appeal for aid in the ork they can neither do, nor do without.

We cordially invite all who love Liberty the world ver, to meet us at the Music Hall, Boston, in the month of January next, in person or by letter, uniting their sympathies and contributions with ours in the great work of the time-the peaceful extinction of MARIA WESTON CHAPMAN,

MARY MAY. LOUISA LORING, L. MARIA CHILD, HENRIETTA SARGENT, ANNE WARREN WESTON. MARY GRAY CHAPMAN, HELEN ELIZA GARRISON, SARAH SHAW RUSSELL FRANCES MARY ROBBINS. CAROLINE WESTON, MARY WILLEY, SARAH BLAKE SHAW, SUSAN C. CABOT. SARAH P. ATKINSON, ELIZA ANDREW, LYDIA D. PARKER ELIZA F. EDDY. SARAH P. REMOND, ABBY FRANCIS, SARAH RUSSELL MAY, ABBY KELLEY FOSTER, SARAH H. SOUTHWICK, EVELINA A. S. SMITH, ANN REBECCA BRAMHALL. AUGUSTA G. KING, ELIZABETH VON ARNIM, ANNA SHAW GREENE. ELIZA APTHORP. MARY ELIZABETH SARGENT, MATTIE GRIFFITH, ANNE LANGDON ALGER, MARY E. STEARNS.

LYDIA M. TENNEY, Sec'y.

THE WORCESTER NORTH A. S. SOCIETY.—
The next quarterly meeting of the Worcester North
Anti-Slavery Society will be held at LEOMINSTER, Sunday, August 19, day and evening. Parke Pillsnury and H. Ford Douglass will speak. JOSHUA T. EVERETT, President. PARKER Moses H. Minick, Sec'y.

F HENRY C. WRIGHT will hold meetings in Burlington, Vt., the second and third Sundays in August, 12th and 19th; and, August 24th, 25th and 26th, will attend a Convention in South Royalton, Vt.

WM. WELLS BROWN will lecture at Mc ndoes Falls, Vt., on Friday, Aug. 17.

MISS HOLLEY, Agent of the Massachusett A. S. Society, will lecture on Sunday afternoon Aug. 19, at half-past 1 o'clock, in West Wrentham.

EF CAPE COD ANNUAL MEETING .- The annual Anti-Slavery Convention for Barnstable County will be held at Harwich, on Saturday and Sunday, Sept. 22d and 23d, commencing on Saturday, at 2, P. M. WM. LLOYD GARRISON, CHARLES L. REMOND, E. H. HRYWOOD and other speakers will be present. The friends of impartial liberty and the public generally are cordially invited to attend.

Z. H. SMALL,

J. H. ROBBINS,

ELKANAH NICKERSON, Arrangements. nal Anti-Slavery Convention for Barnstable Coun

DIED-In North Bridgewater, July 21, Mrs Louisa, wife of Charles Gurney, and daughter of the late Perez Crocker, Esq., aged 58.

WEST NEWTON English and Classical School. HE Fall Term will begin Wednesday, Sep-

*FRIENDS OF HUMAN PROGRESS.'—At Sturgis, (Mich.) Saturday and Sunday, August 25th and 26th, commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M.

A meeting to strengthen free thought, to encourage true and free speech, to awaken and increase active interest in reforms, freedom, and spiritual life.

Come! men and women who would real through the speech of the spiritual life.

References—Wm. L. Garrison; John Ayres, Esq., West Newton; Rev. George Ellis, D. D., Charlestown; Wm. Brigham, Esq., Boston; Rev. S. J. May, Syracuse, N. Y.; Rev. James Walker, D. D., Cambridge; Mr. Richard Edwards, St. Louis, Mo.; Mr. John Prentiss, Baltimore, Md.; Prof. Louis Agassiz. Cambridge. Agassiz, Cambridge.

For further particulars, address
N. T. ALLEN, West Newton, Mass.
Aug. 17. 4w.

New York Central College: THE Fall Term of this Institution will commence on Wednesday, August 22. Circulars will be forwarded on application. forwarded on application.

By order of the Trustees,

N. H. OSBORNE, Secretary. McGrawville, July, 1860.

Is there any virtue in MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S WONLD'S

HAIR RESTORER?

READ THE FOLLOWING, AND JUDGE FOR YOURSELF. To the Ed's of Evangelist:—'My age is sixty. One year ago, my hair was very gray, and had been gradually falling, until, on the crown, it had become quite thin. 'About the 1st of March, of the present quite thin. About the 1st of March, of the present year, I commenced using Mrs. S. A. Allen's 'Restorer,' No. I, according to the directions, and have continued to apply a slight dressing of the same once in three or four weeks, on retiring to bed. My hair is now almost restored to its original color, and the hue appears to be permanent. I AM SATISFIED THAT THE PREPARATION IS NOTHING LIKE A DYE, BUT OPERATES UPON THE SECRETIONS. My hair ceases to fall, which is certainly an advantage to one who was in danger of becoming bald.'

Bridgewater, Oneida Co., N. Y., Nov. 22, 1855.

President J. L. EATON, LL. D., Union University, Murfreesboro', Tennessee.

Murfreesboro', Tennessee.

'Madam—I would state, that some time last spring I found my ham falling off. I concluded to purchase a bottle of 'Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Restorer, &c., and give it a trial. I commenced using it, but very irregularly; but notwithstanding this irregularity, I found that its influence was distinctly visible, the falling off of ham ceased, and my locks, which before were quite ghay, were changed to black. I do not consider that I have given it a fair trial, but, from what I have seen of its effects in my own case, I have reason to believe that it is capable of accomplishing what it purports to do, viz., fightham tooks to their ordinal color.'

Mrs. D. W. CLARK, wife of Rev. D. W. CLARK.

Mrs. D. W. CLARK, wife of Rev. D. W. CLARK, Editor ' Ladies' Repository,' Cincinnati, Ohio

I have been using Mrs. S. A. Allen's Zylobalsamum with much satisfaction in dressing my own and children's hair. After trying various articles manufactured for the hair, I feel no hesitation in recommending yours as the best I have ever used. It gives the hair a soft, glossy appearance, and retains it in any position desired.

Rev. JOHN E. ROBIE, Editor . Christian Advocate,' Buffalo, N. Y.

'Your Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum is the best I have ever known. It has restored my hair to its natural color,' &c.

Rev. E. R. FAIRCHILD, D. D., Cer. Sec. American and Foreign Christian Union, N. Y. City.

and Foreign Christian Union, K. I. Chy.

'Mrs. S. A. Allon's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum have been used in my family with beneficial effects; and I take pleaure in recommending them to such as have occasion to use such preparations.' Rev. A. WEBSTER, Editor . Christian Era, Boston

Mass.

'Having used numerous specifies to little purpose, I discarded all, believing them to be of no value. So I regarded your World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum, yet personal friends prevailed on me to use it. I have done so for several months past with good effect and entire satisfaction. I am now neither bald nor gray; my hair was dry and brittle, but has regained the soltness of my earlier years.

Rev. H. V. DEGEN, Ed. Guide to Holiness,' Boston. 'Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer, found among our other advertisements, we insert from act-ual experiment. That it promotes the growth of the hair where baldness had commenced, we have now the evidence of our own eyes. We can testify to its good effects.'

Rev. S. B. MORLEY, Pastor Congregational Church,

Rev. S. B. MORLEY, Pastor Congregational Unurea, Alleboro', Mass.

'I have used Mrs. S. A. Allen's Word's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum. The effect of the Hair Restorer has been to change the 'crown of glory' which belongs to old men to the original hue of youth. This was done by a single bottle used according to directions. Others of my acquaintance have used it with the same effect. The Zylobalsamum I regard as an invaluable dressing for the hair.' invaluable dressing for the hair.' Rev. DANIEL T. WOOD, Middlelown, Orange Co.,

M. Y.

'My hair has greatly thickened upon my head, and put on a very lively, healthy appearance. The same is true of my daughter; HER HAIR HAD BECOME THIN, AND CAME OUT CONSTANTLY, UNTIL WE THOUGHT THE HEAD WOULD BE ALMOST BARE; HER HAIR HAS HANDSOMELY THICKENED UP, AND ALSO HAS A HEALTHY APPEARANCE. We are thankful to you, and feel that we have full yellow. are thankful to you, and feel that we have full value of our money. GREAT BRITAIN.

Rev. W. B. THORNELOE, Prescot, Lancashire, England.

England.

'Your Hair Restorer is a perfect marvel. After having used it for six weeks, my extremely gray hair was restored to its natural color,—not the wig-like appearance produced by dyes, but to its own natural color, which satisfies my mind that it is not a dye. I can strongly recommend it, and shall feel happy in answering the queries of any you may refer to me.' [The above clergyman is well known throughout Great Britain, and to many in the United States.]

HAYTI.

Rev. Mrs. E. S. ANDRUS, (many years Missionary to Hayti,) Martinsburgh, N. Y. ence of her long residence in aforename d In consequence of her long residence in alorenamed island, her hair and scalp were in a very unhealthy condition. After trying various articles without success, and eventually using Mrs. S. A. Allen's, she writes to the 'American Baptist,'—'I have derived much benefit from the use of Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobulsamum; I have tried many other remedies for my hair, but nover any thing that so materially and permanently benefited me as those of Mrs. S. A. Allen.' ted me as those of Mrs. S. A. Allen.'

Rev. J. WEST, 6 Washington Place, (Pacific street,)

'I am happy to bear testimony to the value and efficacy of this preparation of Mrs. Allen's, in the most literal sense, and also thankfully acknowledge the use of it in curing my baldness and grayness.' Rev. R. H. POLLOCK, Ed. 'Presbyterian Wit-

'It is our settled policy to advertise nothing till we know it is what it purports to be. Having opportunity and being satisfied of the merits of Mrs. S. A, Allen's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum, I would be pleased to insert adversisement, &c.

Rev. J. A. H. CORNELL. Corres. Sec. Board of Ed-

ucation R. D. Church, 337 Broadway, N. Y., and New Baltimore, Greene county, N. Y. 'Some time since, I procured a bottle of your World's Hair Restorer, &c., for the use of a relative; and I am happy to say, that it prevented the falling of the hair, and restored it from being gray to ita original glossy and beautiful black.'

Rev. JAS. McFARLANE, Pastor Prot. Dutch Church Rev. JAS. McFARLANE, Pastor Trot. Dutca Gaurea Esopus, Ulster county, N. Y.

'I have no hesitation in certifying that Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum have produced all the effects described in her adversement, in restoring the color and increasing the growth of the hair; and I would cheerfully recommend it to those whose hair may either begin to fail in color or decrease in humriance.'

in color or decrease in luxuriance. Rev. B. C. SMITH, Prattsburg, N. Y.

'I was really surprised to find my gray hair soon turned as black as when I was a young man.' Rev. M. C. KLING, Lewistown, Pennsylvania.

It has stopped the falling off of my hair, and caused a new growth, although I did not attend to it as your directions require. Rev. AMOS BLANCHARD, Meriden, N. H.

'We think very highly of your preparations, and have no doubt, if you had an agent in this vicinity, a large quantity might be disposed of.'

We think that if these fail to convince, nothing less than a trial will. Some few dealers try to sell articles on which they make more profit than on these; always INSIST on having these.

These are the only preparations exported in any quantity to Europe. We aspire to have the best, not the lowest priced. One bottle of the Restorer will last a year; \$1 50

a bottle. Balsam, 371 cents per bottle. Address all letters for information, &c., to 'Mrs. Address all letters for information, &c., to 'Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer Depot, No. 365 Broome Street, New York.' The Gonuine has 'Mrs. S. A. Allen,' signed in Red Ink to outside wrappers, and in Black Ink to directions pasted on bottles—none other is genuine. Signing the name by others is forgery, and will be proseduted by us as a criminal oflence.

SOLD BY EVERY DEUG AND FANCY GOODS DEALER, lycop